# SAFETY DATA SHEET EVO-STIK 8000

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name	EVO-STIK 8000
Product No.	744462, 628496

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Adhesive.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	BOSTIK LIMITED
Coppilol	COMMON ROAD
	STAFFORD
	STAFFORDSHIRE
	ST16 3EH
	+44 1785 272625
	sds.uk@bostik.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 1785 272650 (24 Hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
Human health	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315;Eye Irrit. 2 - H319;Repr. 2 - H361d;STOT SE 3 -
	H336;STOT RE 2 - H373
Environment	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Xn;R48/20. Repr. Cat. 3;R63. Xi	;R36/38. F;R11. N;R51/53. R67.

Classification (1999/45/EEC) Xn;R48/20. Repr. Cat. 3;R63. Xi;R36/38. F;R1 The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember.

## 2.2. Label elements

Contains

TOLUENE

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008



Signal Word Hazard Statements Danger

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

		-3 1 1 0000
	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements		
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P403+233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P502	Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point
Supplementary Precautionary State	ments	
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.
	P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P370+378	In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction.
	P302+352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P303+361+353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P304+340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	P305+351+338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	P332+313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	P391	Collect spillage.
Supplemental label information		
	EUH208	Contains ROSIN. May produce an allergic reaction.

# 2.3. Other hazards

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures

CAS-No.: 78-93-3 EC No.: 201-159-0 Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 F;R11	Registration Number: 01-2119457290-43
	-
	ation (67/548/EEC)
EUH066 Xi;R36	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 R66	
STOT SE 3 - H336 R67	
CYCLOHEXANE	< 1%
CAS-No.: 110-82-7 EC No.: 203-806-2	
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classifica	ation (67/548/EEC)
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 F;R11	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Xn;R65	
STOT SE 3 - H336 Xi;R38	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 R67	
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400N;R50/53Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	5

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODES	JLFURIZED LIGHT, DEARC	MATIZED; <0.1% BENZENE	10-30%
CAS-No.: 92045-53-9	EC No.: 295-434-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		Xn;R65.	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Xi;R38.	
STOT SE 3 - H336		F;R11.	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		N;R51/53.	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		R67.	
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTRE	ATED LIGHT, <0.1% BENZE	NE,	5-10%
CAS-No.: 64742-49-0	EC No.:		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		Xn;R65.	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Xi;R38.	
STOT SE 3 - H336		F;R11.	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		N;R51/53.	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		R67.	
N-HEXANE			< 1%
CAS-No.: 110-54-3	EC No.: 203-777-6		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		F;R11	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Repr. Cat. 3;R62	
Repr. 2 - H361f		Xn;R65,R48/20	
STOT SE 3 - H336		Xi;R38	
STOT RE 2 - H373		R67	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		N;R51/53	
ROSIN			< 1%
CAS-No.: 8050-09-7	EC No.: 232-475-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		R43	
TOLUENE			10-30%
	FO.N. 000.005 0		
CAS-No.: 108-88-3	EC No.: 203-625-9		Registration Number: 01-2119471310-51
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		F;R11	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Repr. Cat. 3;R63	
Repr. 2 - H361d		Xn;R48/20,R65	
STOT SE 3 - H336		Xi;R38	
STOT RE 2 - H373		R67	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			

 ZINC OXIDE ACTIVE
 < 1%</td>

 CAS-No.: 1314-13-2
 EC No.: 215-222-5

 Classification (EC 1272/2008)
 Classification (67/548/EEC)

 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400
 N;R50/53.

 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Inhalation

Move into fresh air and keep at rest. Be aware that symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Immediately call an ambulance.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately! DO NOT induce vomiting if swallowed chemical is dissolved in petroleum-based material. Danger of aspiration and development of chemical pneumonia.

Skin contact

Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water. If adhesive bonds skin, flush with water and seek medical assistance. Do not attempt to force skin apart if bonded. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Eve contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water or eyewash solution for up to 10 minutes. Immediately transport to hospital or eye specialist.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No recommendation given, but first aid may still be required in case of accidental exposure, inhalation or ingestion of this chemical. If in doubt, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY!

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water as an extinguisher.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE! May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition. May travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Fire causes formation of toxic gases. Vapours may give explosive mixture with air at temperatures below normal room temperature. Specific hazards

When heated and in case of fire, harmful vapours/gases may be formed.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Avoid breathing fire vapours. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Be aware of danger of explosion. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control. Protective equipment for fire-fighters

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Eye contact MUST be prevented by means of suitable personal protection equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not smoke, use open fire or other sources of ignition. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Provide adequate ventilation. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces. Wear self contained breathing apparatus.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow ANY environmental contamination. Contain spillages with sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Clean-up personnel should use respiratory and/or liquid contact protection. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Stop leak if possible without risk. DO NOT touch spilled material! Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container. Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Remove ignition sources. Do not allow chemical to enter confined spaces such as sewers due to explosion risk. Sewers designed to preclude formation of explosive concentrations of vapour may be permitted.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Risk of vapour concentration on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Contaminated rags and cloths must be put in fireproof containers for disposal. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep upright. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Store in tightly closed original container in a dry and cool place.

Storage Class

Flammable liquid storage.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA	- 8 Hrs	STEL	- 15 Min	Notes
BUTANONE	WEL	200 ppm(Sk)	600 mg/m3(Sk)	300 ppm(Sk)	899 mg/m3(Sk)	
CYCLOHEXANE	WEL	100 ppm	350 mg/m3	300 ppm	1050 mg/m3	
N-HEXANE	WEL	20 ppm	72 mg/m3			
TOLUENE	WEL	50 ppm(Sk)	191 mg/m3(Sk)	100 ppm(Sk)	384 mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient Comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Process conditions

Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level.

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Respiratory equipment

If ventilation is insufficient, suitable respiratory protection must be provided. Check that mask fits tight and change filter regularly. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge.

Hand protection

Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin. Protective gloves should be used if there is a risk of direct contact or splash. Viton rubber (fluor rubber). Eye protection

Wear splash-proof eye goggles to prevent any possibility of eye contact.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin.

Skin protection

Wear apron or protective clothing in case of splashes.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Beige.
Odour	Organic solvents.
Solubility	Immiscible with water
Relative density	0.9 @ 20 °c
Flash point (°C)	-25

#### 9.2. Other information

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Avoid Contact with acids. Contact with peroxides. Contact with alkalis. Contact with combustibles. Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire or high temperatures create: Toxic gases/vapours/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### General information

Known or suspected teratogen.

#### Inhalation

Vapour may irritate respiratory system or lungs. May cause nausea and vomiting Anaesthetic in high concentrations. Unconsciousness, possibly death.

#### Ingestion

Ingestion of material may cause nausea and vomitting

#### Skin contact

May be absorbed through the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

#### Eye contact

May cause severe irritation to eyes. Contact with the eyes may cause physical damage

#### Route of entry Inhalation. Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.

Medical Symptoms High concentrations of vapours may irritate respiratory system and lead to headache, fatigue, nausea and vomiting. Medical Considerations

Chronic respiratory and obstructive airway diseases. Skin disorders and allergies. History of smoking.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradability No data available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: Semi-mobile.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Not available.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### General information

This material is classified as special waste as defined by Special Waste Regulations 1996 and must be disposed of by an authorised contractor

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Class

Classified as Special Waste. Not permitted for landfill in liquid state.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN)	1133
UN No. (IMDG)	1133
UN No. (ICAO)	1133

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name

ADHESIVES (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED LIGHT, DEAROMATIZED; <0.1% BENZENE)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class	3
ADR/RID/ADN Class	Class 3: Flammable liquids.
ADR Label No.	3
IMDG Class	3
ICAO Class/Division	3
Transport Labels	



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group	III
IMDG Packing group	Ш
ICAO Packing group	III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS	F-E, S-D
Emergency Action Code	•3YE
Hazard No. (ADR)	33
Tunnel Restriction Code	(D/E)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Statutory Instruments

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716). Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

Approved Code Of Practice

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

Guidance Notes

CHIP for everyone HSG(108). Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

EU Legislation

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

General information

This product should be used as directed by Bostik Ltd. For further information consult the product data sheet or contact Technical Services. Information Sources

This safety data sheet was compiled using current safety information supplied by distributor of raw materials.

Revision Comments

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision. This safety data sheet supersedes all previous issues and users are cautioned to ensure that it is current. Destroy all previous data sheets and if in doubt contact Bostik Limited.

Issued By	Approved LJ
Revision Date	March 2014
Revision	10
Date	March 2003
Risk Phrases In Full	
R48/20	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R11	Highly flammable
R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R63	Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.
R62	Possible risk of impaired fertility.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Hazard Statements In Full	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373	May cause damage to organs < <organs>&gt; through prolonged or repeated exposure.</organs>
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.